

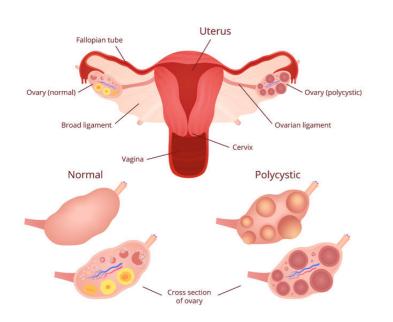
What is Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS)?



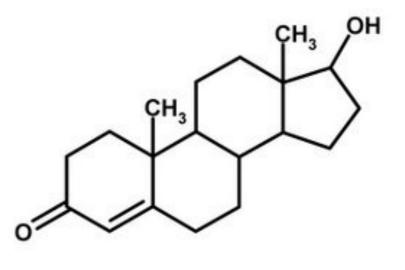
What is Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS)?



2/3 of following are required for PCOS diagnosis





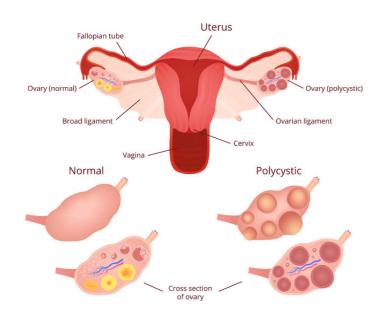


Polycystic ovaries

Irregular menstrual cycle

Excess testosterone

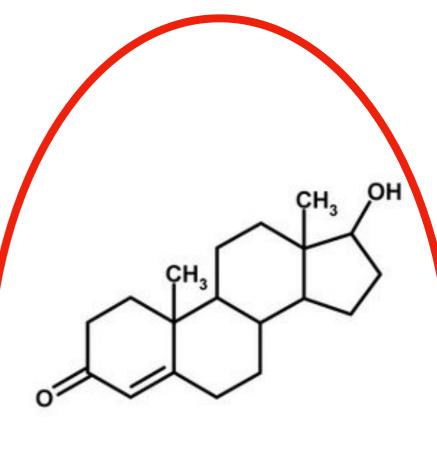
2/3 of following are required for PCOS diagnosis







Irregular menstrual cycle



Excess testosterone

StAR



START

285 AA

StAR



START

285 AA

Biological Process

Steroid Biosynthetic Process

StAR

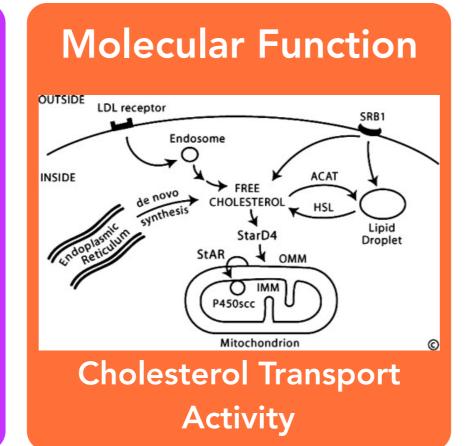


START

285 AA

Biological Process

Steroid Biosynthetic Process



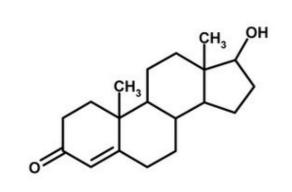
StAR



START

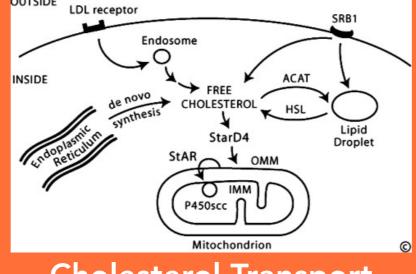
285 AA

Biological Process



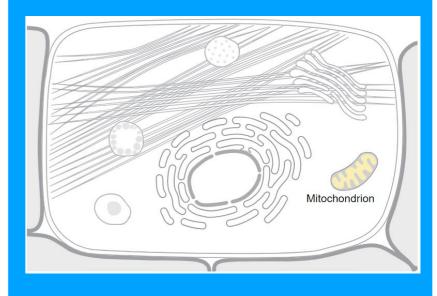
Steroid Biosynthetic Process

Molecular Function



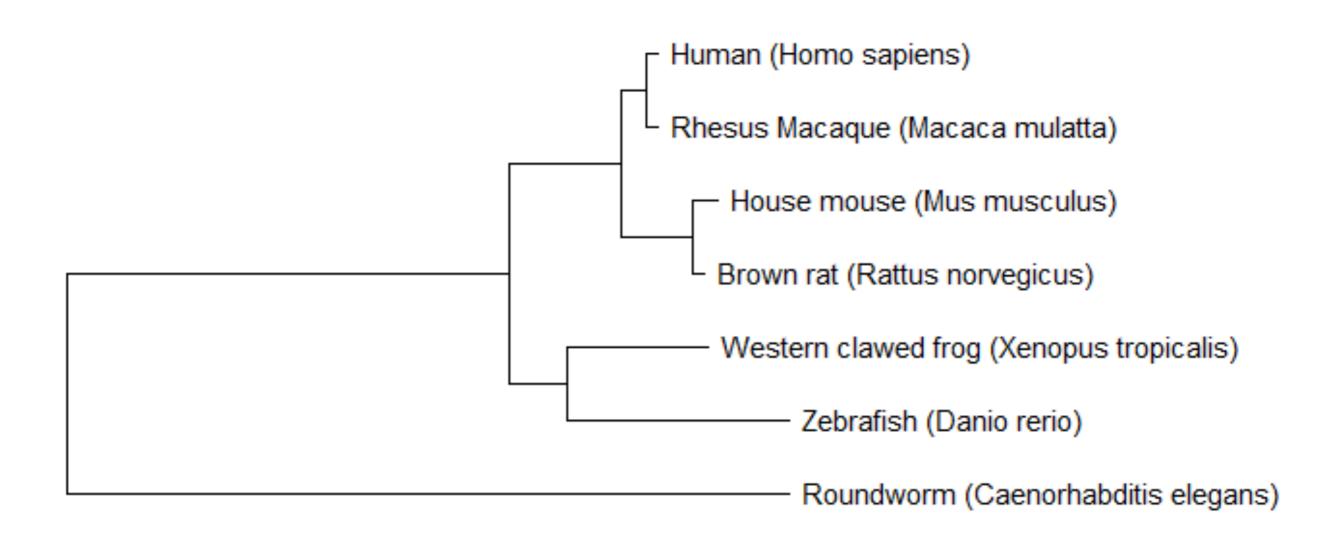
Cholesterol Transport
Activity

Cellular Component



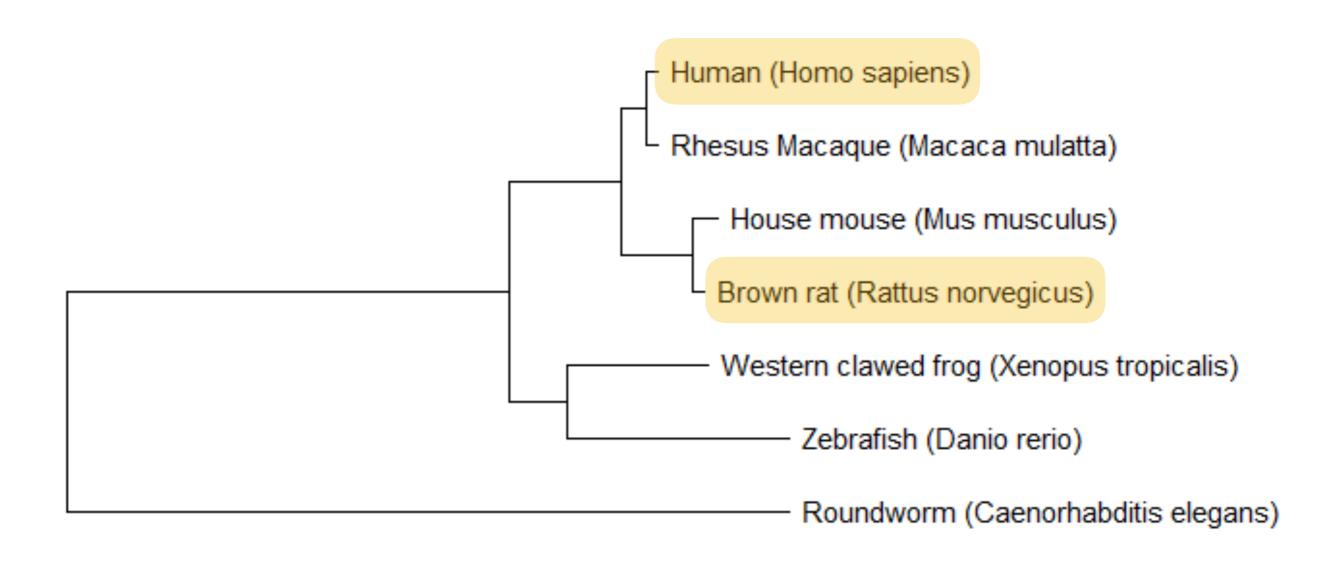
Mitochondrion

Is StAR conserved across species?



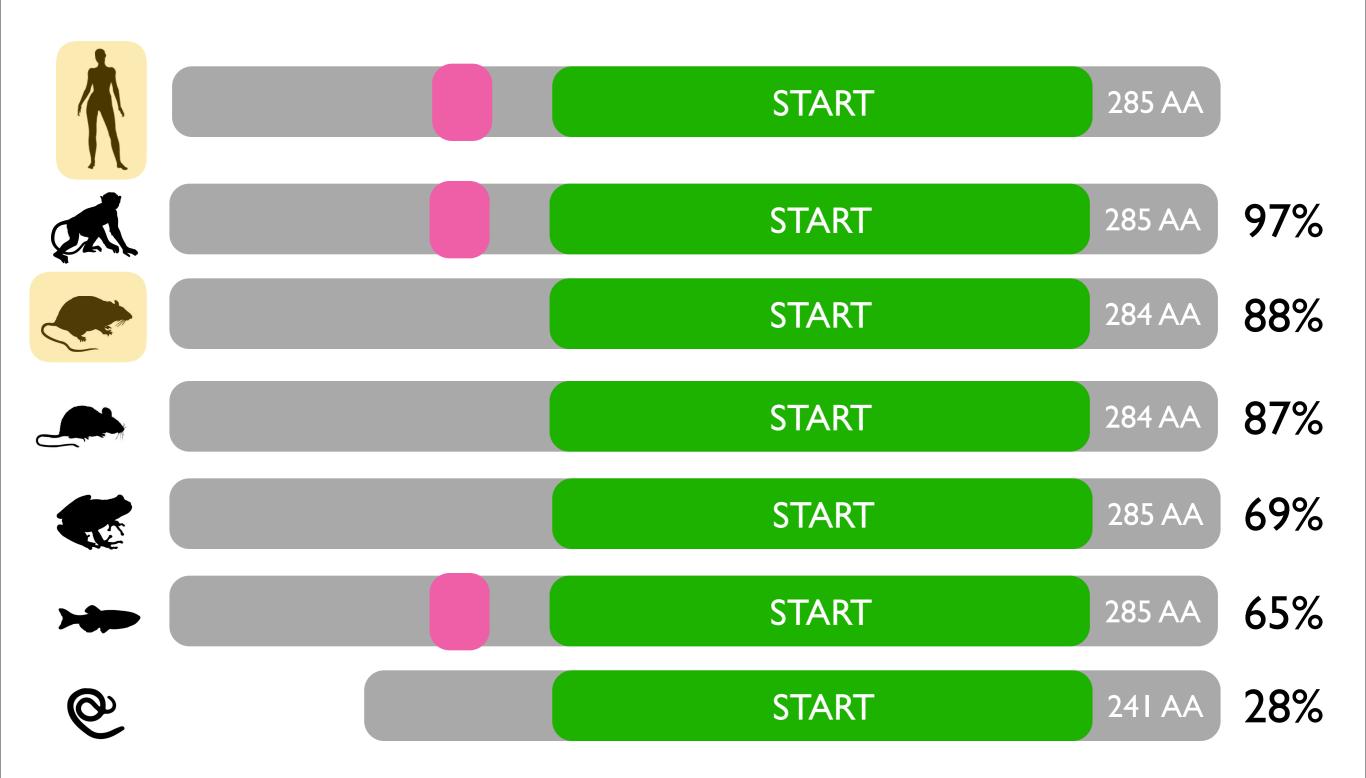
0.20

Is StAR conserved across species?

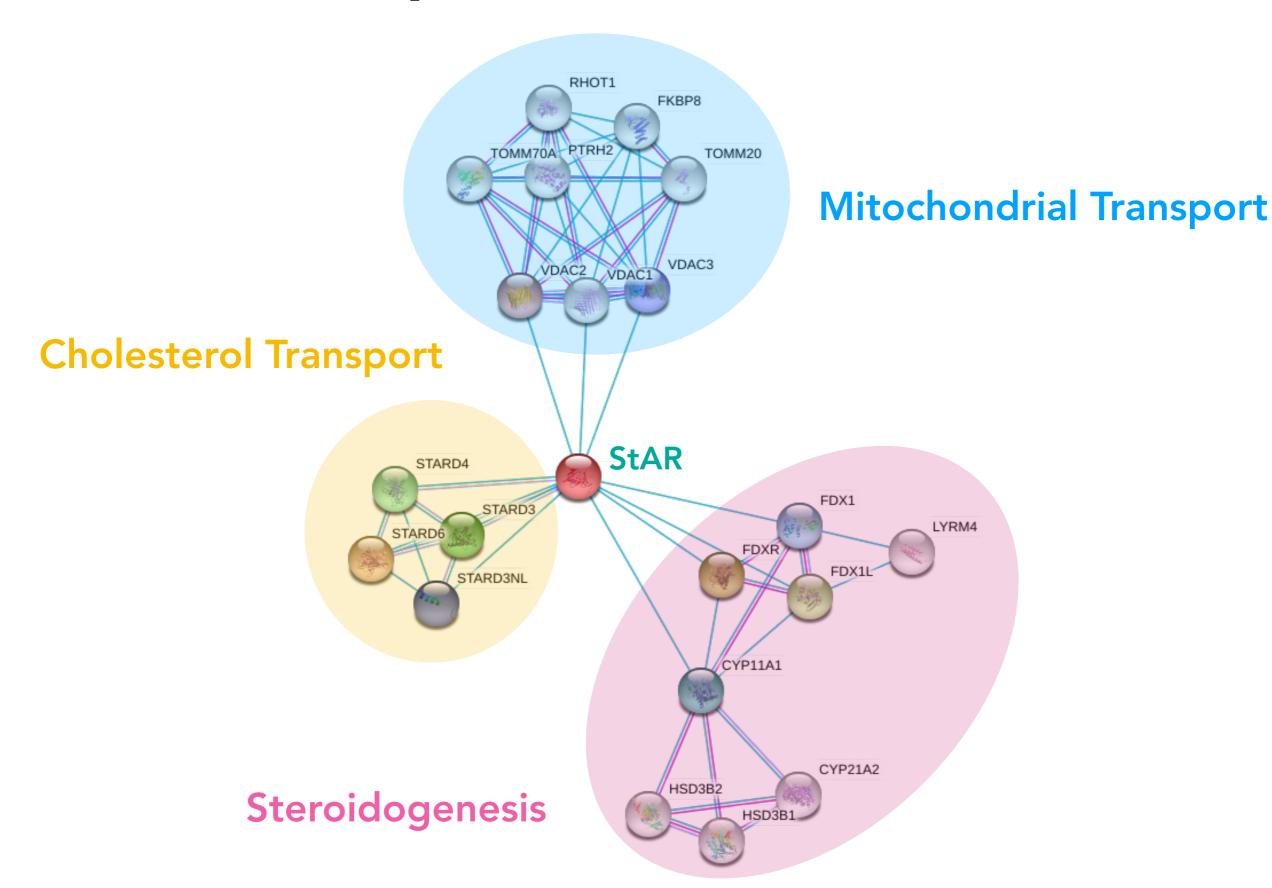


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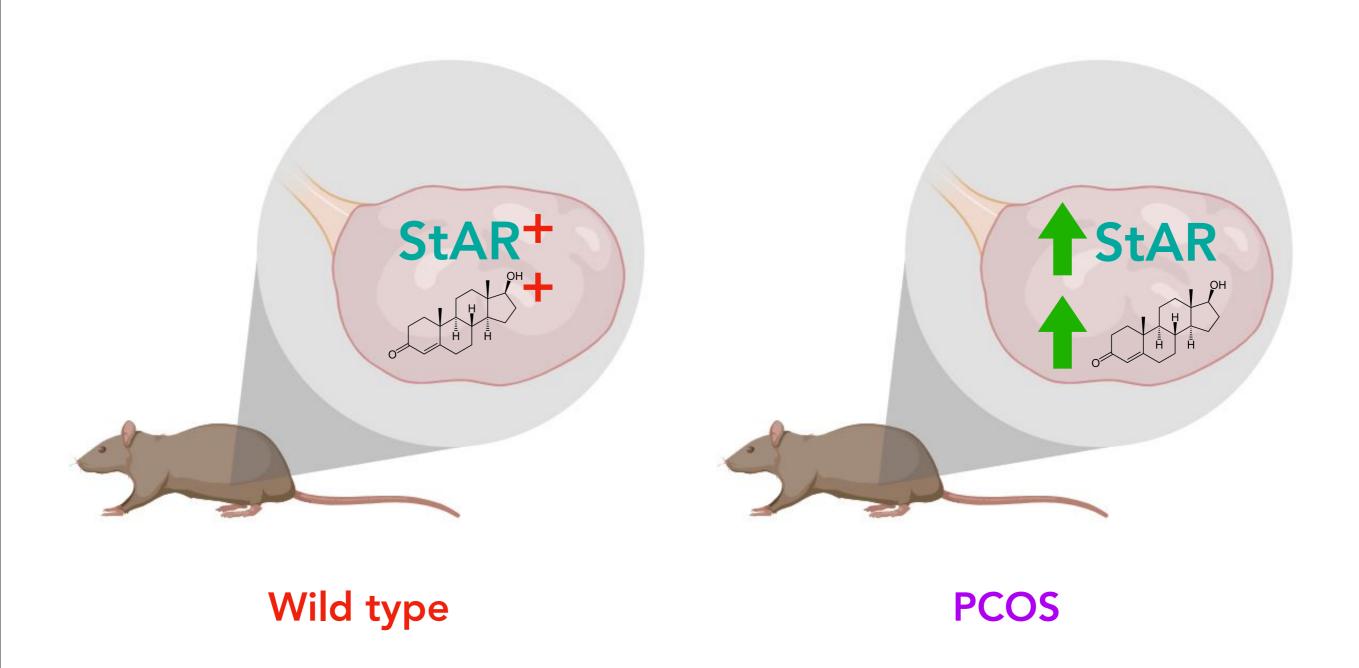
StAR domains across species



StAR protein interactions

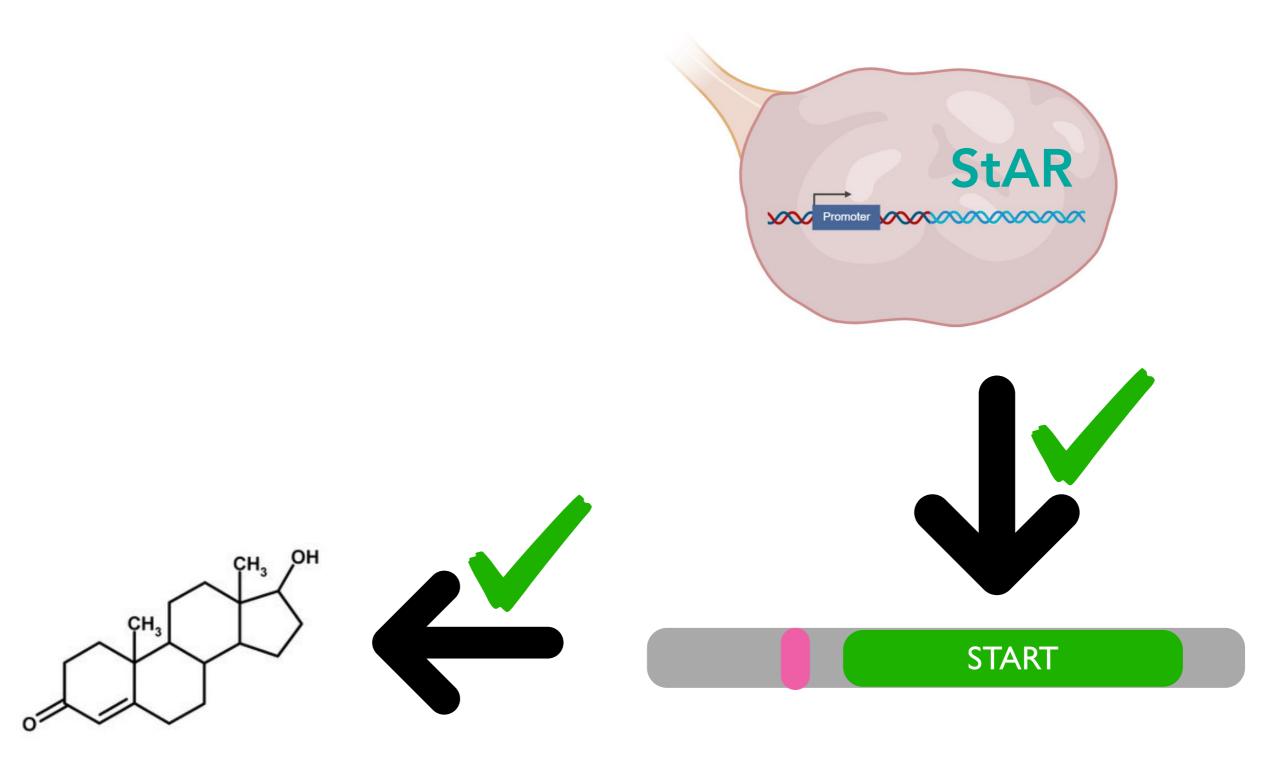


Rattus norvegicus: a great model organism for PCOS



Prenatally androgenized rats display PCOS phenotype

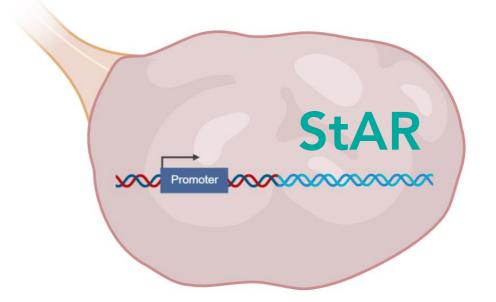
The knowledge gap

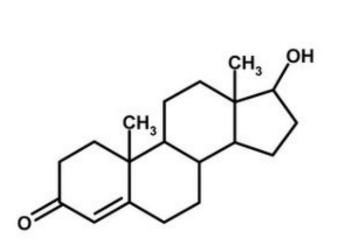


The knowledge gap

Regulating factors











START

What is the primary goal?

To better understand what factors regulate StAR expression and testosterone levels in PCOS

Aim 1

Determine what sequences within the StAR promoter are conserved and contribute to testosterone levels in ovaries

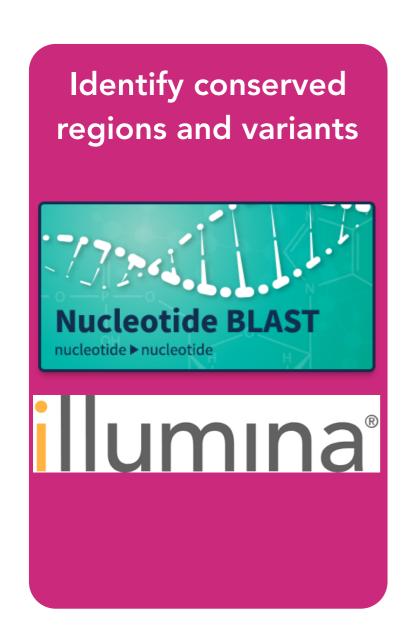
Aim 2

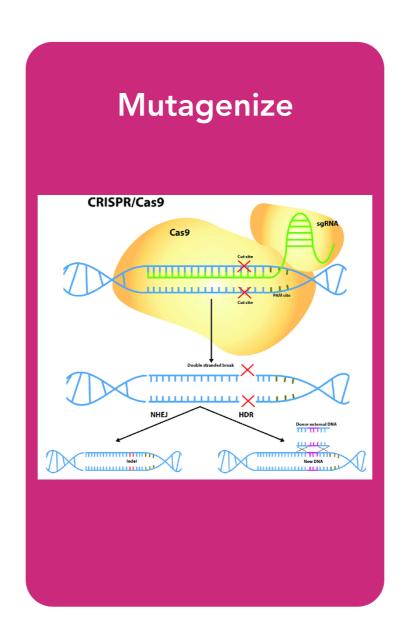
Identify differentially regulated genes in a PCOS model that are important for StAR expression and testosterone levels in ovaries

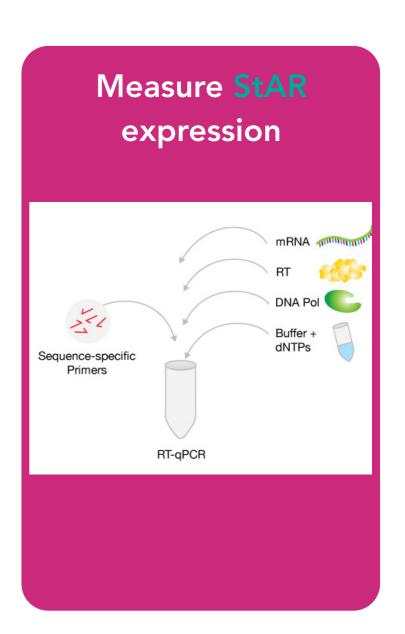
Aim 3

Identify direct protein interactions with the StAR promoter and protein that impact testosterone levels within ovaries

Aim 1: Determine what sequences within the StAR promoter are conserved and contribute to testosterone levels in ovaries







Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in differential expression of StAR and testosterone levels

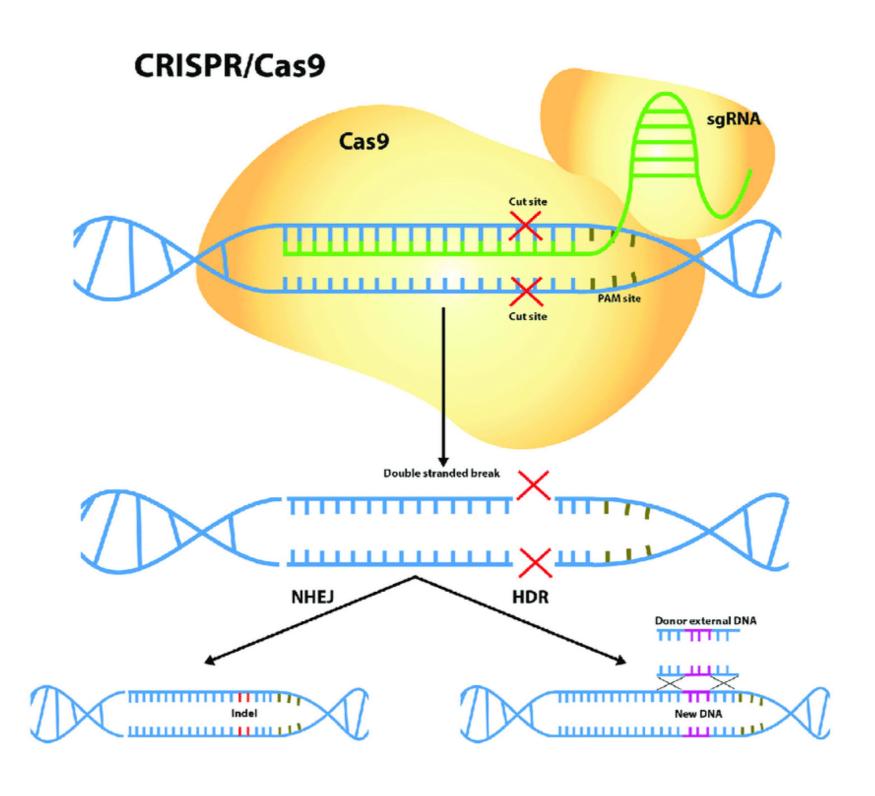
Aim 1

Identify conserved regions and variants



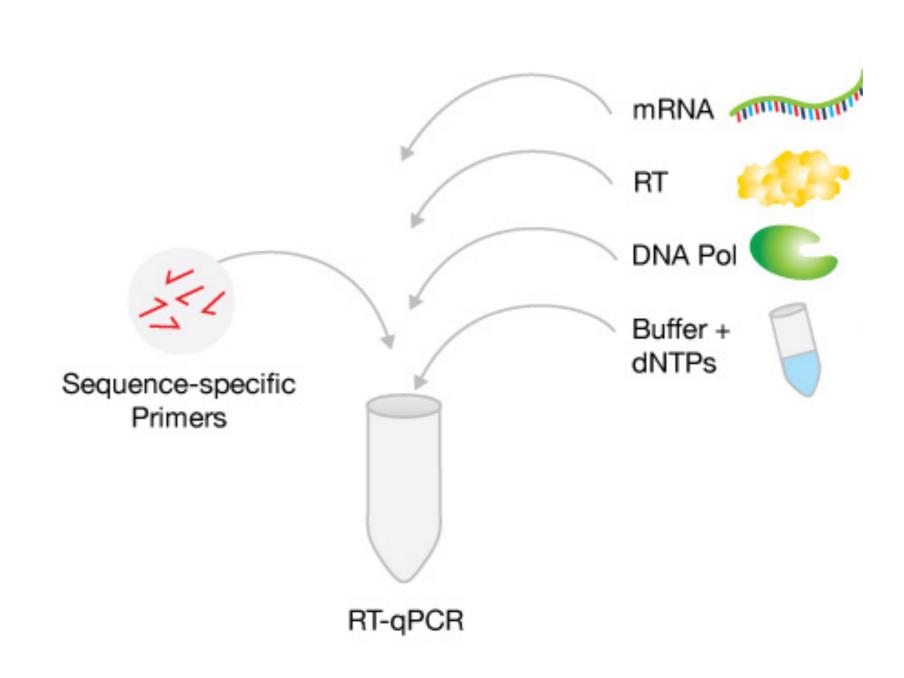
llumina®

Mutagenize



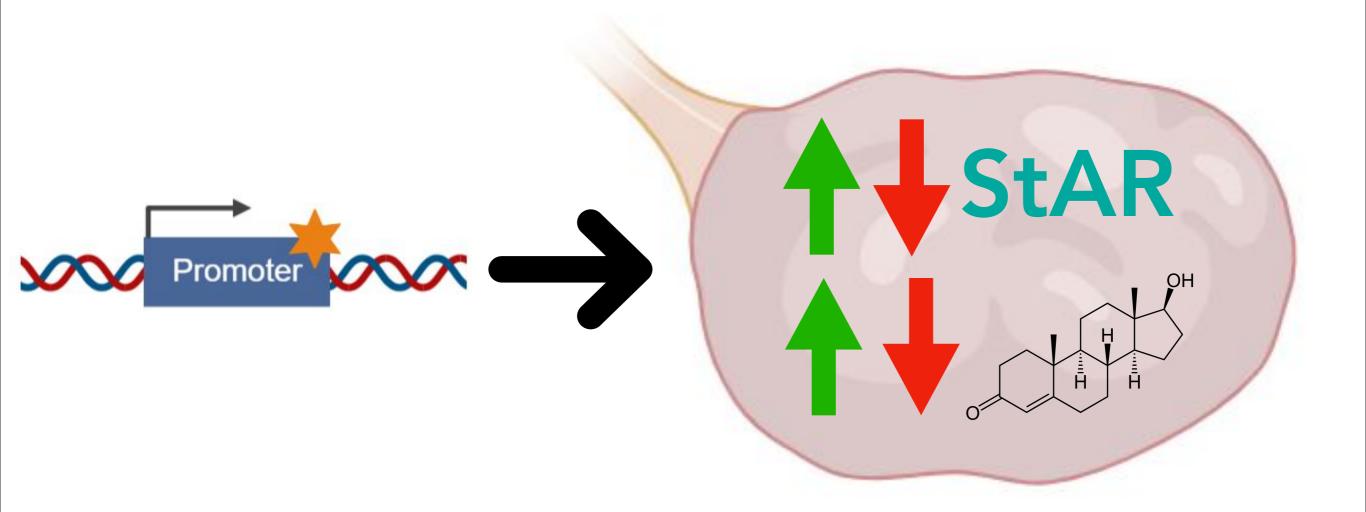
Aim 1

Measure StAR expression



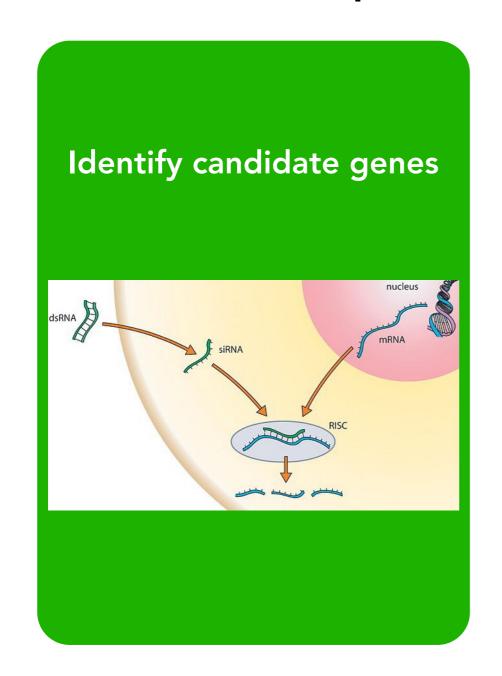
Aim 1

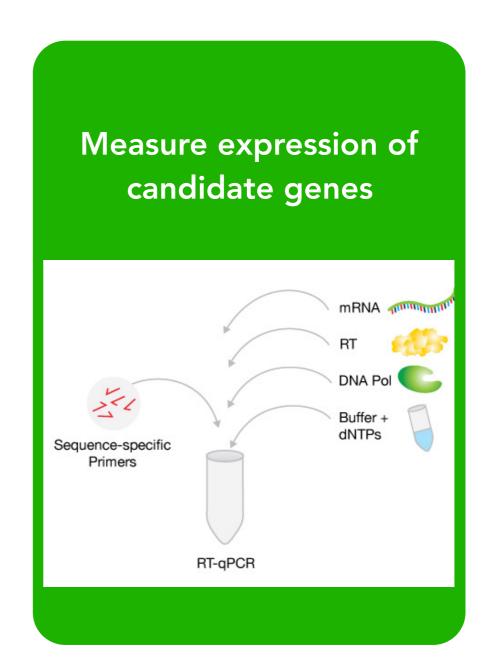
Expectation



Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in differential expression of StAR and testosterone levels

Aim 2: Identify differentially regulated genes in a PCOS model that are important for StAR expression and testosterone levels in ovaries

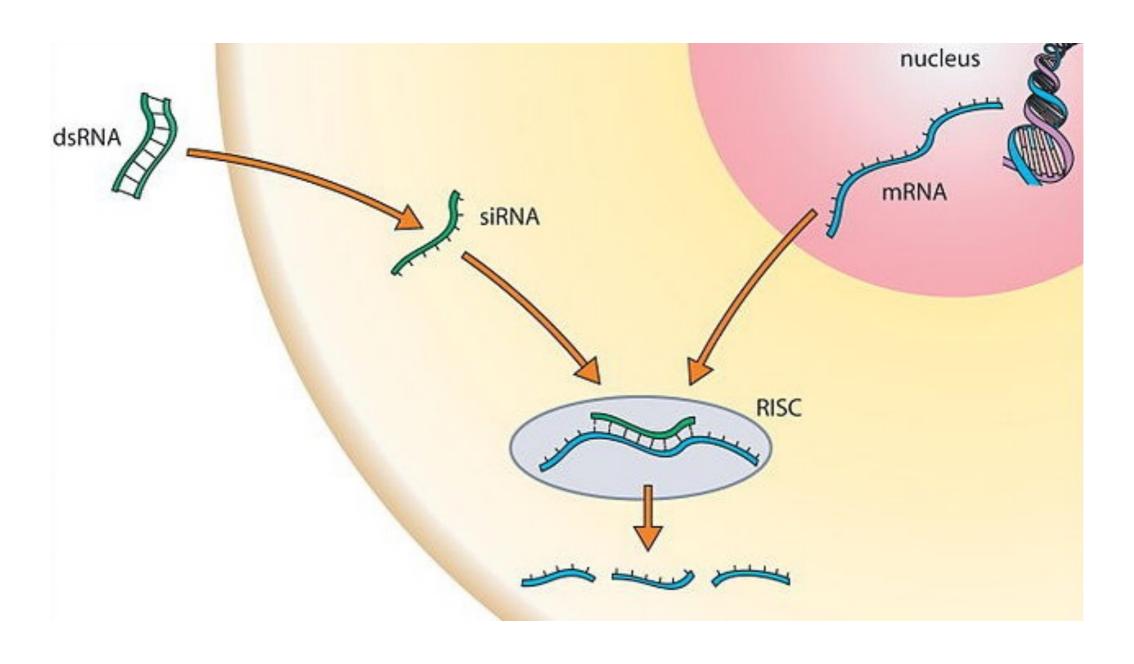




Hypothesis: one or more of the candidate genes identified in the RNAi screen will be differentially regulated in a PCOS model.

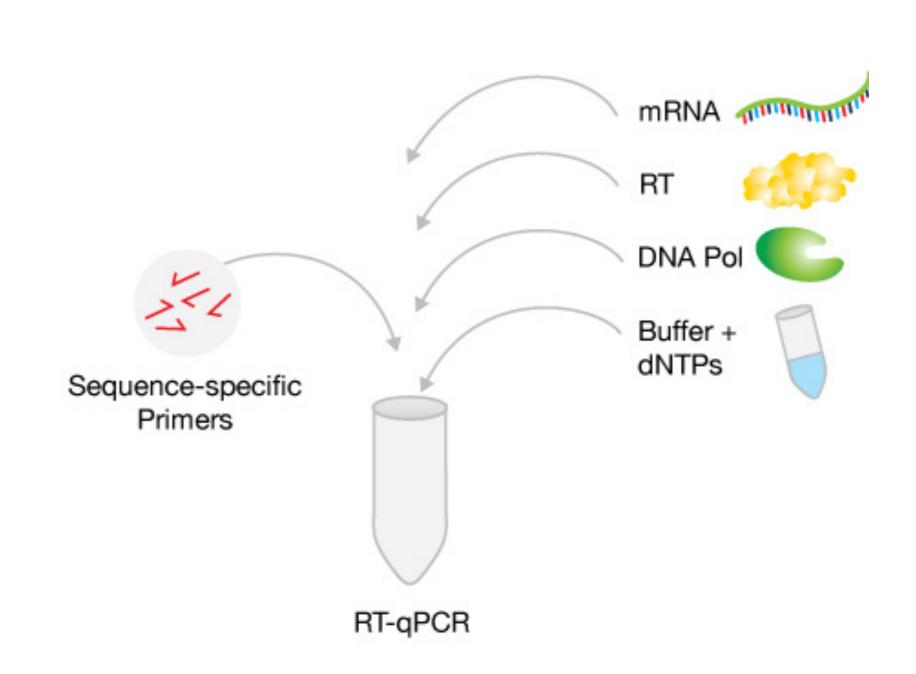
Identify candidate genes

RNAi

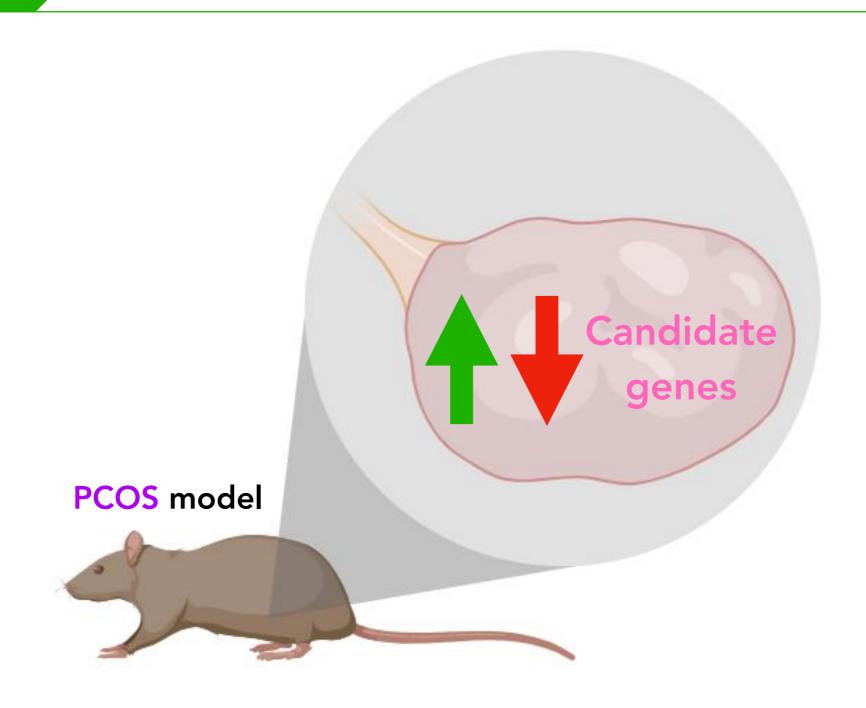


Aim 2

Measure expression of candidate genes

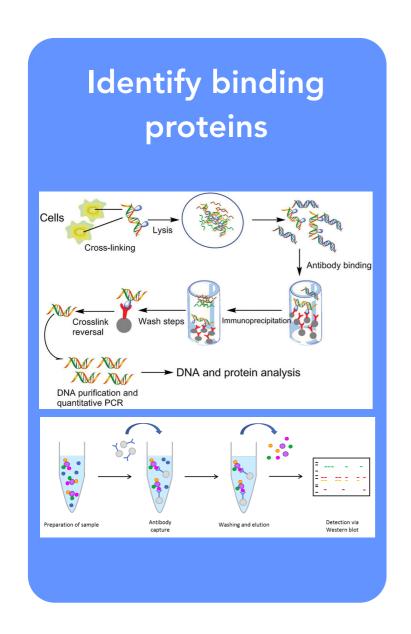


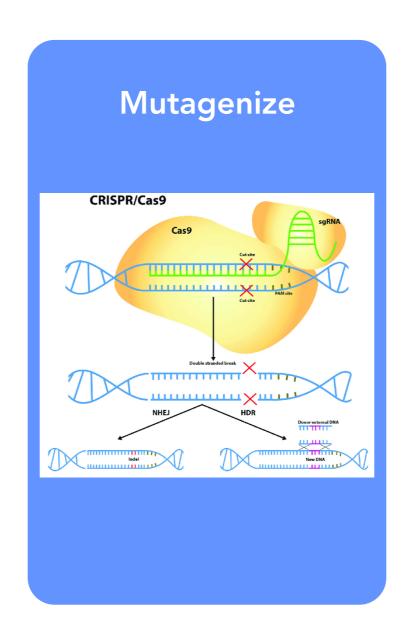
Expectation

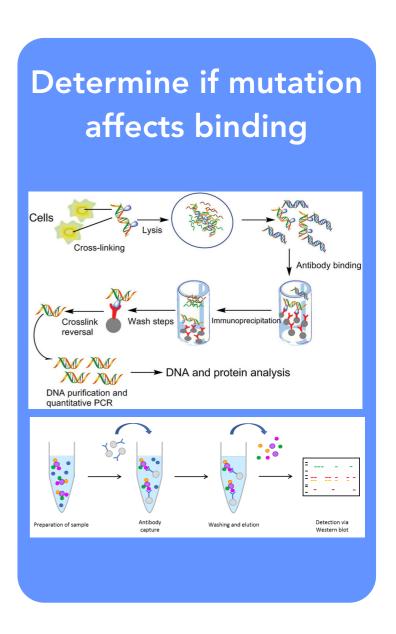


Hypothesis: one or more of the candidate genes identified in the RNAi screen will be differentially regulated in a PCOS model.

Aim 3: Identify direct protein interactions with the StAR promoter and protein that impact and testosterone levels within ovaries



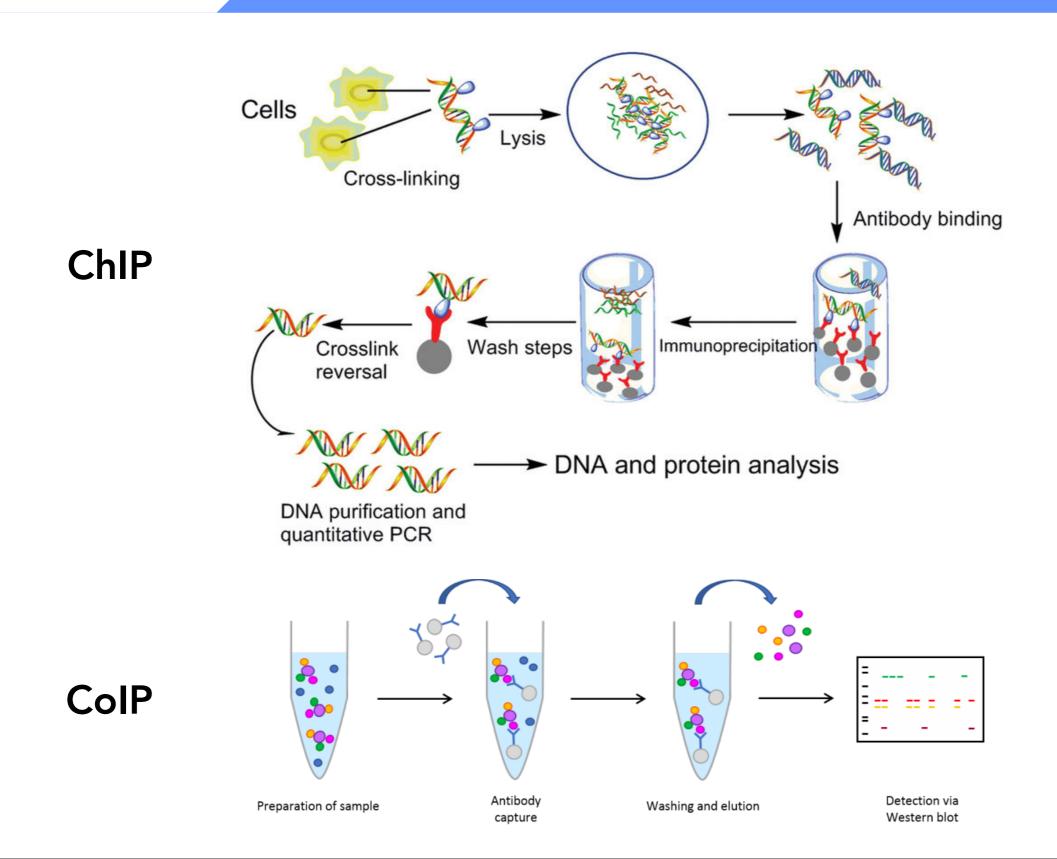




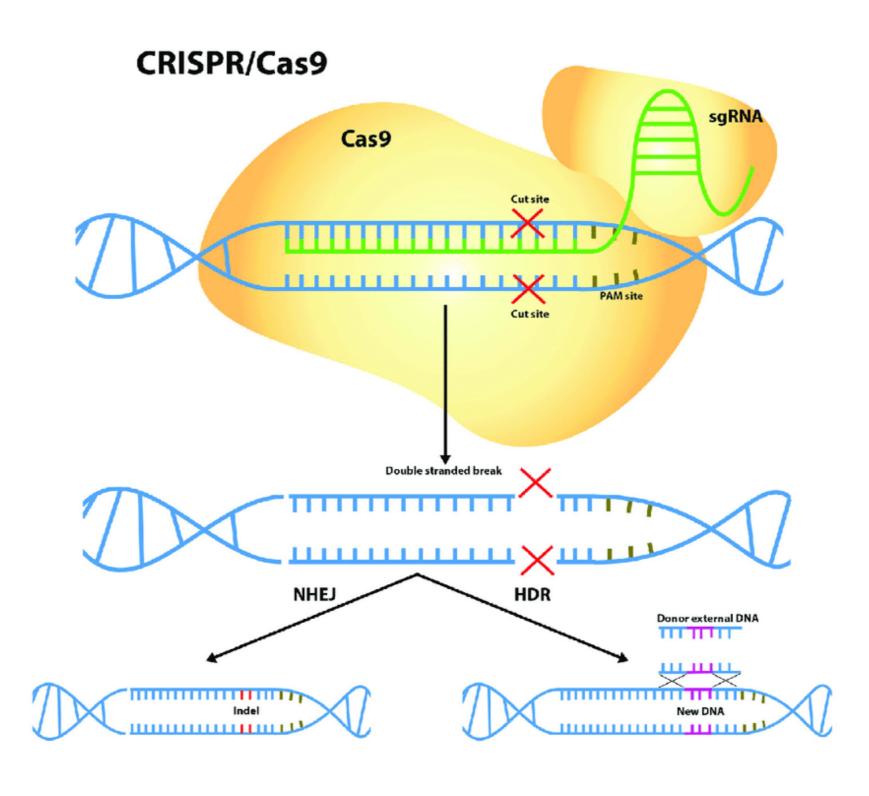
Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in a lack of protein binding on the StAR promoter.

Aim 3

Identify binding proteins

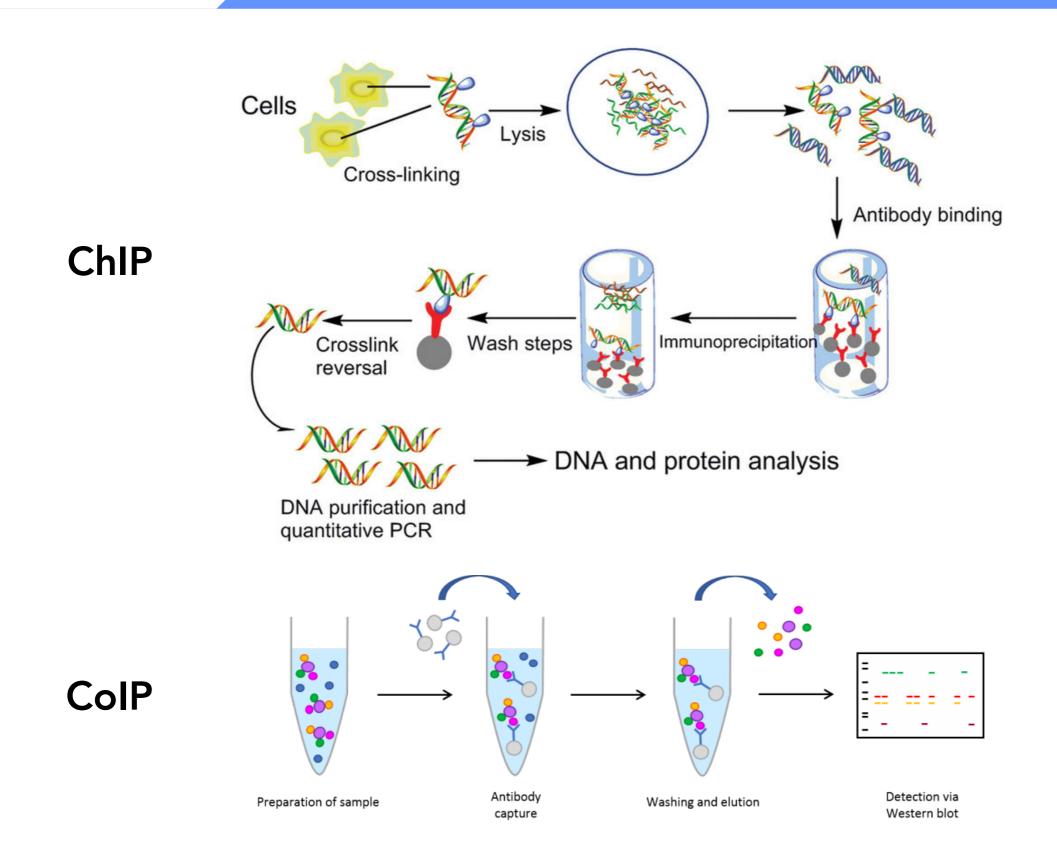


Mutagenize

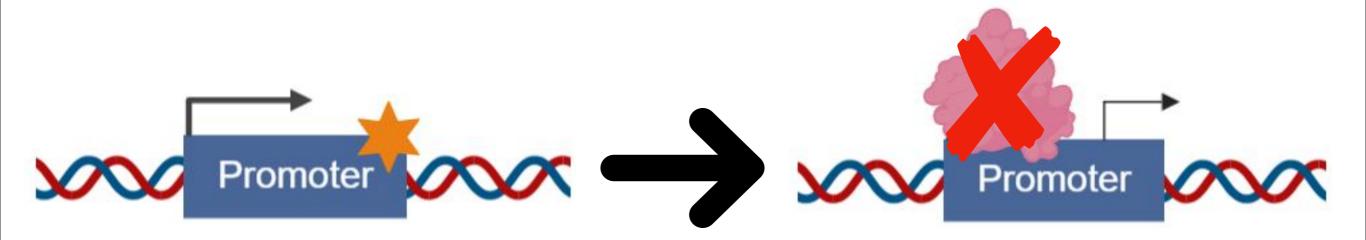


Aim 3

Determine if mutation affects binding



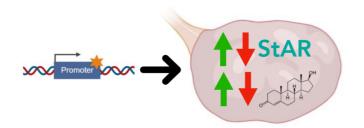
Expectation



Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in a lack of protein binding on the StAR promoter.

Summary

Aim 1 Expectation



Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in differential expression of StAR and testosterone levels

Confirmation that alterations of the StAR promoter impact regulation of StAR expression and testosterone levels

Aim 2 Expectation

Candidate genes

Hypothesis: one or more of the candidate genes identified in the RNAi screen will be differentially regulated in a PCOS model.

Identification of candidate genes involved in regulating StAR and if they are differentially regulated in PCOS model.

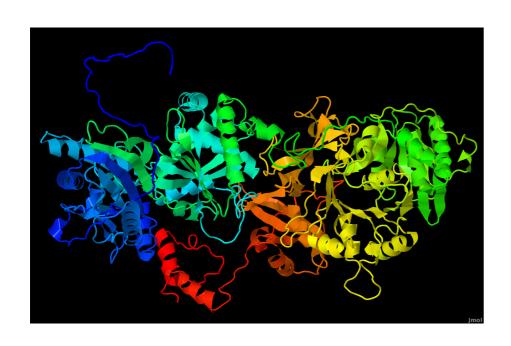
Aim 3 Expectation



Identification of proteins that directly bind the StAR promoter or protein to regulate StAR expression

Hypothesis: mutating conserved regions of the StAR promoter will result in a lack of protein binding on the StAR promoter.

Future Research



Protein-protein interactions

Other symptoms





References

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